

2-[4-[(2,2-Dimethyl-4,6-dioxo-1,3-dioxan-5-ylidene)methylamino]phenyl]-acetonitrile

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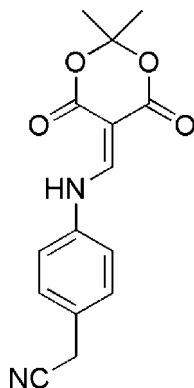
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 292$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.150; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.3.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$, is approximately planar, with a dihedral angle of $6.48(4)^\circ$ between the aminomethylene unit and the planar five-atom part of the dioxane ring, and a dihedral angle of $2.40(4)^\circ$ between aminomethylene unit and the phenylene ring. The dioxane ring is envelope shaped, with the dimethyl-substituted C atom that represents the flap $0.535(8)$ Å out of the plane. The molecule has an intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond.

Related literature

For the synthesis of related compounds, see: Cassis *et al.* (1985). For the synthesis of related antitumor precursors, see: Ruchelman *et al.* (2003). For the crystal structure of a related compound, see: da Silva *et al.* (2006). For Meldrum's acid, see: Meldrum (1908).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$	$\gamma = 84.54(2)^\circ$
$M_r = 286.28$	$V = 702.9(5) \text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 5.204(3) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 11.239(3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 12.209(4) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 292 \text{ K}$
$\alpha = 85.51(3)^\circ$	$0.52 \times 0.48 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 82.30(3)^\circ$	

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	1610 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Absorption correction: none	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.003$
3217 measured reflections	3 standard reflections
2609 independent reflections	every 150 reflections
	intensity decay: 1.3%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.150$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.09$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.20 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2609 reflections	
196 parameters	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1n}\cdots\text{O3}$	0.97(2)	1.94(2)	2.710(3)	135(2)

Data collection: *DIFRAC* (Gabe & White, 1993); cell refinement: *DIFRAC*; data reduction: *NRCVAX* (Gabe *et al.*, 1989); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2579).

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2-{4-[(2,2-Dimethyl-4,6-dioxo-1,3-dioxan-5-ylidene)methylamino]phenyl}acetonitrile

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Comment

The 4(*H*)quinolone structure plays an extremely important role in the field of pharmaceutical chemistry. These compounds have been used as precursors for anticancer agents, anti-malarial agents and reversible (H⁺/K⁺) ATPase inhibitors (Ruchelman *et al.*, 2003). 5-arylaminomethylene-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-diones are the key intermediates which can be used to synthesize the 4(*H*)quinolone derivatives by thermolysis (Cassis *et al.*, 1985).

In the structure of the title molecule (Fig. 1), it is approximately planar with the dihedral angles of 6.48 (4)^o and 2.40 (4)^o between the connecting aminomethylene unit and the planar part of the dioxane ring, and between the dimethoxybenzyl ring and the aminomethylene group, respectively. Besides, the dioxane ring of the title compound exhibits a half-boat conformation, in which the C atom between the dioxane oxygen atoms is -0.535 (8) Å out-of-plane.

The intramolecular N—H⋯O hydrogen bond (Table 1) is stabilizing the planar conformation in the molecule. Intermolecular weak C—H⋯O hydrogen bonding contacts (Table 1) result in the formation of sheets running parallel to the *a-c* plane in the crystal structure (Fig. 2).

Experimental

A ethanol solution (50 ml) of 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (Meldrum's acid) (1.44 g, 0.01 mol) and methylorthoformate (1.27 g, 0.012 mol) was heated to reflux for 2 h, then the arylamine (1.32 g, 0.01 mol) was added into the above solution. The mixture was heated under reflux for another 8 h and then filtered. Single crystals were obtained from the filtrate after 2 days.

Refinement

The imino H atom was located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. Other H atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93 (aromatic) or 0.96 Å (methyl), and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl and $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for the others.

Figures

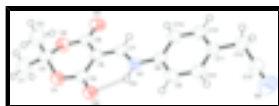


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

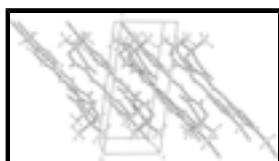


Fig. 2. A packing diagram of the title compound showing the layer-like aggregation of the title molecules in the unit cell.

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Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{14}N_2O_4$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 286.28$	$F_{000} = 300$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.353 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$a = 5.204 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 11.239 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$c = 12.209 (4) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 26 reflections
$\alpha = 85.51 (3)^\circ$	$\theta = 5.5\text{--}9.7^\circ$
$\beta = 82.30 (3)^\circ$	$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\gamma = 84.54 (2)^\circ$	$T = 292 \text{ K}$
$V = 702.9 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colourless
	$0.52 \times 0.48 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.003$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^\circ$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$
$T = 292 \text{ K}$	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
$\omega/2-\theta$ scans	$k = -2 \rightarrow 13$
Absorption correction: none	$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$
3217 measured reflections	3 standard reflections
2609 independent reflections	every 150 reflections
1610 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	intensity decay: 1.3%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: mixed
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.150$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0853P)^2]$
$S = 1.09$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2609 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
196 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.20 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.5677 (3)	0.03464 (12)	0.29695 (11)	0.0620 (4)
O2	0.8342 (3)	0.19500 (12)	0.26775 (11)	0.0573 (4)
O3	0.2465 (3)	0.02806 (12)	0.43304 (11)	0.0639 (4)
O4	0.7647 (3)	0.35124 (12)	0.36881 (12)	0.0634 (4)
N1	0.1001 (3)	0.22676 (14)	0.54592 (13)	0.0498 (4)
H1N	0.074 (5)	0.145 (2)	0.5335 (18)	0.091 (8)*
N2	-0.9365 (5)	0.3352 (2)	0.9847 (2)	0.1123 (9)
C1	0.9231 (5)	0.0301 (2)	0.1573 (2)	0.0831 (8)
H1A	1.0196	0.0754	0.0984	0.125*
H1B	0.8480	-0.0329	0.1271	0.125*
H1C	1.0377	-0.0040	0.2090	0.125*
C2	0.5317 (5)	0.1765 (2)	0.13934 (18)	0.0744 (7)
H2A	0.3912	0.2203	0.1823	0.112*
H2B	0.4629	0.1198	0.0986	0.112*
H2C	0.6268	0.2311	0.0886	0.112*
C3	0.7107 (4)	0.11099 (19)	0.21537 (16)	0.0573 (6)
C4	0.4120 (4)	0.08606 (17)	0.38115 (16)	0.0519 (5)
C5	0.4624 (4)	0.20480 (16)	0.40360 (15)	0.0471 (5)
C6	0.6901 (4)	0.25836 (17)	0.34787 (15)	0.0477 (5)
C7	0.3046 (4)	0.26618 (16)	0.48329 (15)	0.0493 (5)
H7	0.3459	0.3428	0.4941	0.059*
C8	-0.0785 (4)	0.29056 (16)	0.62235 (15)	0.0472 (5)
C9	-0.2817 (4)	0.23184 (17)	0.67757 (17)	0.0568 (6)
H9	-0.2971	0.1528	0.6638	0.068*
C10	-0.4632 (4)	0.28879 (18)	0.75328 (16)	0.0573 (6)
H10	-0.5997	0.2476	0.7901	0.069*
C11	-0.4454 (4)	0.40591 (18)	0.77514 (16)	0.0507 (5)
C12	-0.2402 (4)	0.46434 (17)	0.71855 (16)	0.0535 (5)
H12	-0.2253	0.5435	0.7321	0.064*
C13	-0.0575 (4)	0.40860 (17)	0.64268 (16)	0.0541 (5)
H13	0.0786	0.4497	0.6055	0.065*
C14	-0.6446 (4)	0.47201 (19)	0.85500 (16)	0.0608 (6)
H14A	-0.5548	0.5184	0.8994	0.073*

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H14B	-0.7541	0.5278	0.8130	0.073*
C15	-0.8082 (5)	0.3952 (2)	0.92822 (19)	0.0722 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0652 (9)	0.0508 (8)	0.0660 (9)	-0.0175 (7)	0.0196 (7)	-0.0113 (7)
O2	0.0452 (8)	0.0627 (8)	0.0639 (9)	-0.0173 (7)	0.0036 (7)	-0.0054 (7)
O3	0.0655 (9)	0.0509 (8)	0.0712 (9)	-0.0237 (7)	0.0208 (7)	-0.0066 (7)
O4	0.0655 (10)	0.0527 (8)	0.0744 (9)	-0.0237 (7)	-0.0061 (8)	-0.0008 (7)
N1	0.0521 (10)	0.0400 (9)	0.0560 (9)	-0.0069 (8)	0.0003 (8)	-0.0045 (7)
N2	0.112 (2)	0.0951 (17)	0.1082 (18)	-0.0057 (15)	0.0499 (16)	0.0130 (14)
C1	0.0696 (17)	0.0865 (18)	0.0876 (17)	-0.0170 (15)	0.0277 (14)	-0.0232 (15)
C2	0.0662 (15)	0.0952 (18)	0.0641 (14)	-0.0285 (14)	-0.0041 (12)	-0.0003 (13)
C3	0.0520 (12)	0.0619 (12)	0.0571 (12)	-0.0221 (11)	0.0108 (10)	-0.0073 (10)
C4	0.0511 (12)	0.0481 (11)	0.0539 (11)	-0.0108 (10)	0.0060 (10)	-0.0019 (9)
C5	0.0457 (11)	0.0442 (10)	0.0507 (11)	-0.0097 (9)	-0.0017 (9)	0.0007 (9)
C6	0.0449 (11)	0.0456 (10)	0.0523 (11)	-0.0087 (9)	-0.0041 (9)	0.0016 (9)
C7	0.0522 (12)	0.0413 (10)	0.0537 (11)	-0.0080 (9)	-0.0031 (10)	0.0001 (9)
C8	0.0477 (11)	0.0442 (10)	0.0489 (11)	-0.0069 (9)	-0.0019 (9)	-0.0016 (8)
C9	0.0632 (14)	0.0410 (11)	0.0657 (13)	-0.0151 (10)	0.0017 (11)	-0.0055 (10)
C10	0.0567 (13)	0.0499 (11)	0.0631 (13)	-0.0166 (10)	0.0086 (10)	-0.0036 (10)
C11	0.0506 (12)	0.0497 (11)	0.0501 (11)	-0.0044 (9)	-0.0022 (9)	0.0003 (9)
C12	0.0563 (13)	0.0397 (10)	0.0630 (12)	-0.0061 (9)	0.0018 (10)	-0.0068 (9)
C13	0.0505 (12)	0.0472 (11)	0.0628 (12)	-0.0106 (10)	0.0037 (10)	-0.0029 (9)
C14	0.0619 (14)	0.0592 (12)	0.0572 (12)	-0.0039 (11)	0.0071 (11)	-0.0049 (10)
C15	0.0707 (16)	0.0721 (15)	0.0639 (14)	0.0053 (13)	0.0158 (12)	0.0019 (12)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C4	1.352 (2)	C4—C5	1.438 (2)
O1—C3	1.439 (2)	C5—C7	1.371 (3)
O2—C6	1.356 (2)	C5—C6	1.444 (3)
O2—C3	1.426 (2)	C7—H7	0.9300
O3—C4	1.210 (2)	C8—C9	1.371 (3)
O4—C6	1.205 (2)	C8—C13	1.386 (3)
N1—C7	1.316 (2)	C9—C10	1.379 (3)
N1—C8	1.412 (2)	C9—H9	0.9300
N1—H1n	0.96 (2)	C10—C11	1.378 (3)
N2—C15	1.125 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C3	1.500 (3)	C11—C12	1.383 (3)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C11—C14	1.508 (3)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C12—C13	1.377 (3)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C3	1.505 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9600	C14—C15	1.444 (3)
C2—H2B	0.9600	C14—H14A	0.9700
C2—H2C	0.9600	C14—H14B	0.9700

C4—O1—C3	118.27 (15)	O4—C6—C5	125.76 (19)
C6—O2—C3	118.41 (15)	O2—C6—C5	115.95 (15)
C7—N1—C8	127.60 (16)	N1—C7—C5	126.03 (17)
C7—N1—H1N	112.8 (15)	N1—C7—H7	117.0
C8—N1—H1N	119.5 (15)	C5—C7—H7	117.0
C3—C1—H1A	109.5	C9—C8—C13	119.39 (18)
C3—C1—H1B	109.5	C9—C8—N1	117.65 (16)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C13—C8—N1	122.96 (17)
C3—C1—H1C	109.5	C8—C9—C10	120.69 (17)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C8—C9—H9	119.7
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C9—H9	119.7
C3—C2—H2A	109.5	C11—C10—C9	120.89 (19)
C3—C2—H2B	109.5	C11—C10—H10	119.6
H2A—C2—H2B	109.5	C9—C10—H10	119.6
C3—C2—H2C	109.5	C10—C11—C12	117.88 (19)
H2A—C2—H2C	109.5	C10—C11—C14	122.30 (19)
H2B—C2—H2C	109.5	C12—C11—C14	119.80 (17)
O2—C3—O1	110.49 (15)	C13—C12—C11	121.86 (17)
O2—C3—C1	106.90 (17)	C13—C12—H12	119.1
O1—C3—C1	105.58 (18)	C11—C12—H12	119.1
O2—C3—C2	109.82 (18)	C12—C13—C8	119.30 (18)
O1—C3—C2	110.28 (17)	C12—C13—H13	120.4
C1—C3—C2	113.65 (19)	C8—C13—H13	120.4
O3—C4—O1	117.85 (16)	C15—C14—C11	114.09 (18)
O3—C4—C5	125.29 (18)	C15—C14—H14A	108.7
O1—C4—C5	116.83 (16)	C11—C14—H14A	108.7
C7—C5—C4	120.65 (17)	C15—C14—H14B	108.7
C7—C5—C6	118.69 (16)	C11—C14—H14B	108.7
C4—C5—C6	120.53 (17)	H14A—C14—H14B	107.6
O4—C6—O2	118.25 (17)	N2—C15—C14	179.5 (3)
C6—O2—C3—O1	-49.2 (2)	C8—N1—C7—C5	-174.51 (18)
C6—O2—C3—C1	-163.65 (17)	C4—C5—C7—N1	0.3 (3)
C6—O2—C3—C2	72.6 (2)	C6—C5—C7—N1	-175.62 (18)
C4—O1—C3—O2	46.8 (2)	C7—N1—C8—C9	178.79 (18)
C4—O1—C3—C1	162.08 (18)	C7—N1—C8—C13	-0.7 (3)
C4—O1—C3—C2	-74.8 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-0.4 (3)
C3—O1—C4—O3	162.19 (19)	N1—C8—C9—C10	-179.96 (18)
C3—O1—C4—C5	-19.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.1 (3)
O3—C4—C5—C7	-5.6 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.2 (3)
O1—C4—C5—C7	176.25 (17)	C9—C10—C11—C14	178.25 (19)
O3—C4—C5—C6	170.2 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.1 (3)
O1—C4—C5—C6	-7.9 (3)	C14—C11—C12—C13	-178.27 (19)
C3—O2—C6—O4	-158.33 (18)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.2 (3)
C3—O2—C6—C5	23.8 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.4 (3)
C7—C5—C6—O4	4.2 (3)	N1—C8—C13—C12	179.96 (18)
C4—C5—C6—O4	-171.73 (19)	C10—C11—C14—C15	16.7 (3)
C7—C5—C6—O2	-178.17 (16)	C12—C11—C14—C15	-165.3 (2)
C4—C5—C6—O2	5.9 (3)	C11—C14—C15—N2	-69 (31)

supplementary materials

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1n···O3	0.97 (2)	1.94 (2)	2.710 (3)	135 (2)
C7—H7···O4	0.93	2.49	2.816 (3)	100
C9—H9···O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.41	3.292 (3)	159
C13—H13···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.51	3.208 (3)	132
C14—H14B···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.97	2.51	3.343 (3)	143

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

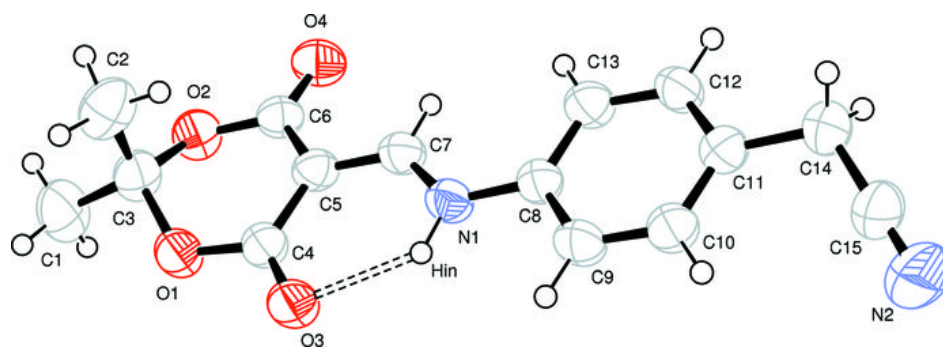


Fig. 2

